$\qquad$
(23) Vocabulary
I. Some 2-D shapes have straight sides.


Some 2-D shapes have vertices.


Circle the shapes that have straight sides.


Circle the shapes that have vertices.

2. Circle the closed shapes that have 4 sides.

3. Circle the closed shapes that have fewer than 4 vertices.


## On the Back!

4. Draw a closed shape that has more than 4 vertices.

Check students' drawings.
$\qquad$

## (22) Vocabulary

I. All of these shapes are triangles.

Circle the words that are true
 for all triangles.
All triangles: are gray.
have 3 straight sides.
have 3 vertices.
have a flat bottom.
2. All of these shapes are squares.

Circle the words that are true
 for all squares.
All squares:
are gray.
have 4 straight sides.
are big.
have 4 vertices.
3. All of these shapes are circles. Circle the words that are true for all circles.



All circles:
have 0 straight sides
have 0 vertices.
are big.
are white.

## On the Back!

4. Draw two rectangles. Tell why each figure is a rectangle. Check students' work.
$\qquad$

## (22) Vocabulary

I. Squares and triangles are shapes with sides.


A square has 4 equal sides. A triangle has 3 sides.
This is a hexagon. Count the sides.


A hexagon has 6 sides.
2. A rectangle has $\square$ sides. Make a rectangle using construction paper. Glue the rectangle in the box.

## Check students' rectangles.

## On the Back!

3. Make these shapes: circle, triangle, square. Use any materials you can find. Glue or tape them on the back of the sheet. Label each shape. Check students' work.

Name $\qquad$

## , 22 Vocabulary

I. You can use 2-D shapes to make new 2-D shapes.

How many $\Delta$ are there in each shape?


## 4

2. Use your pattern blocks. Write the number of each shape you can use to make the hexagon.


3


## On the Back!

3. Use pattern blocks. Trace shapes to make a new shape.

Which shapes did you use?
Check students' work.
$\qquad$

## ㅈ2ㅈㄹ Vocabulary

I. You can use pattern blocks to make a picture.

Make a rocket. Write how many of each
2-D shape you use.

2. Use pattern blocks to make a tree.
Write how many of each shape you use.


## On the Back!

3. Use pattern blocks to make a picture.

Tell how many of each shape you use.
Check students' work.

## (22) Vocabulary

I. These 3-D shapes have flat surfaces.

These 3-D shapes have faces.

rectangular prism

cube

How many flat surfaces does each shape have?
cone: $\quad$ cylinder: 2
How many faces does each shape have?
rectangular prism: 6 cube: 6
2. How many vertices does each 3-D shape have?

rectangular prism: $\square$ cube:
8 cone:

I

## On the Back!

3. Find an object shaped like a rectangular prism. Count how many faces and vertices it has. Record them on the back of this sheet. Check students' work.

## 42 Vocabulary

I. All of these shapes are cones.

Circle the words that are true for all cones.


All cones:

```
        are gray.
have I vertex.
have I flat surface.
    have 2 faces.
```

2. All of these shapes are cubes. Circle the words that are true for all cubes.


All cubes:
are gray.
$\because$ have 6 faces : $:$
are big.
$\because$ have 8 verticess $:$
3. All of these shapes are spheres. Circle the words that are true for all spheres.
All spheres:
have 0 flat surfaces.
have 0 vertices.
are big.
are white.

## On the Back!

4. Find some objects shaped like cylinders at home or at school.

Explain why each object is shaped like a cylinder.
Check students' work.

## (23) Vocabulary

I. You can combine 3-D shapes to make new shapes.


Circle a new shape you can make when combining the cylinder and the cone.

2. Circle a new shape you can make when combining the shapes.

The given shapes are 2 $\qquad$
$\qquad$ .


## On the Back!

3. What shape can you make when you combine two cubes?

Draw a picture to help you explain your answer. rectangular prism; Check students' drawings.
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## (23) Vocabulary

I. This is a cube.

It is a special rectangular prism.
What is true of all rectangular prisms?


All rectangular prisms have 12 edges.
2. This is a triangle. What is true of all triangles?


All triangles have straight sides.
3. This is a sphere. What is true of all spheres?

All spheres have 0 vertices.
4. This is a cylinder. What is true of all cylinders?

All cylinders have 2 flat surfaces.

## On the Back! Check students' work.

5. Draw an object that is shaped like a cone.

Write 2 things that are true about all cones.

